

# Table of Contents

<b>PetaSAN</b> .....	1
<b>Ansible</b> .....	1
<b>List all pools</b> .....	1
<b>OSD disk free</b> .....	1
<b>CEPH rebalance</b> .....	1
<b>Check OSD Blocklist</b> .....	1
<b>Set minimum version</b> .....	1
<b>Remove OSD hard</b> .....	2
<b>Insert object into RADOS</b> .....	2
<b>Copy Pool</b> .....	2
<b>Where are data?</b> .....	2
<b>CEPH Print key</b> .....	2
<b>CEPH for Windows</b> .....	2
<b>CEPH list pool</b> .....	3
<b>CEPH delete pool</b> .....	3
<b>CEPH Create Erasure pool</b> .....	3
<b>RADOSGW</b> .....	3
<i>ceph.conf</i> .....	3
<b>ISCSI</b> .....	4
<b>Insert it into dashboard</b> .....	4
<i>Set OSD configs</i> .....	4
<b>OSD dump info</b> .....	4
<b>CEPH Repair</b> .....	5
<b>Edit crush-map</b> .....	5
<b>Turn cache on</b> .....	5
<b>Change device class</b> .....	6
<b>Partitions</b> .....	6
<b>CEPH LVM List</b> .....	6
<b>OSD Weight</b> .....	6
<b>Benchmark</b> .....	7
<i>Remove benchmark data</i> .....	7
<b>Show pool stats</b> .....	7
<b>Enable dashboard</b> .....	7
<b>Add new MON</b> .....	7
<b>CEPH List Auth</b> .....	8
<b>Show clock-skew</b> .....	8
<b>Ceph Evict Client</b> .....	8
<b>Replication</b> .....	8

# PetaSAN

Ceph for dummies <http://www.petasan.org/>

## Ansible

<https://docs.ceph.com/projects/ceph-ansible/en/latest/>

## List all pools

```
ceph osd pool ls detail
```

## OSD disk free

```
ceph osd df tree
```

## CEPH rebalance

```
ceph osd reweight-by-utilization
```

## Check OSD Blocklist

```
ceph osd blocklist ls  
ceph osd blocklist rm 127.0.0.1:0/3710147553
```

## Set minimum version

```
ceph osd require-osd-release octopus
```

## Remove OSD hard

```
dd if=/dev/zero of=/dev/sd{X} bs=1M count=10 conv=fsync
```

## Insert object into RADOS

```
rados -p pool put {object} filename
```

```
rados -p pool ls
```

## Copy Pool

```
pool={poolname}  
ceph osd pool create $pool.new 128 128 erasure EC_RGW  
rados cppool $pool $pool.new  
ceph osd pool rename $pool $pool.old  
ceph osd pool rename $pool.new $pool
```

## Where are data?

```
ceph osd map {pool} object {object} -f json-pretty
```

## CEPH Print key

```
ceph -k /etc/ceph/ceph.client.admin.keyring auth print-key entity
```

## CEPH for Windows

<https://github.com/dokan-dev/dokany/releases> - required

<https://cloudbase.it/ceph-for-windows/>

## CEPH list pool

```
ceph osd lspools
```

## CEPH delete pool

```
ceph osd pool delete <pool-name> <pool-name> --yes-i-really-really-mean-it
```

## CEPH Create Erasure pool

```
ceph osd pool create {name} {pgsize} erasure  
ceph osd pool set {name} allow_ec_overwrites true;  
ceph osd pool application enable {name} rbd;
```

## RADOSGW

```
ceph-authtool --create-keyring /etc/ceph/ceph.client.radosgw.keyring
```

```
ceph-authtool /etc/ceph/ceph.client.radosgw.keyring -n client.radosgw.node01  
--gen-key
```

```
ceph-authtool -n client.radosgw.node01 --cap osd 'allow rwx' --cap mon  
'allow rwx' /etc/ceph/ceph.client.radosgw.keyring
```

```
ceph -k /etc/ceph/ceph.client.admin.keyring auth add client.radosgw.node01 -  
i /etc/ceph/ceph.client.radosgw.keyring
```

## ceph.conf

```
[client.radosgw.node01]  
  host = node01  
  keyring = /etc/ceph/ceph.client.radosgw.keyring  
  log file = /var/log/ceph/client.radosgw.$host.log
```

```
apt install radosgw  
systemctl restart radosgw
```

<http://node01:7480>

# ISCSI

```
sudo apt install ceph-iscsi targetcli-fb
systemctl daemon-reload
systemctl enable rbd-target-gw
systemctl start rbd-target-gw
systemctl enable rbd-target-api
systemctl start rbd-target-api
```

start *gwcli*

```
cd /iscsi-targets
create iqn.2003-01.com.janforman.iscsi-gw:iscsi-igw
cd /iscsi-targets/iqn.2003-01.com.janforman.iscsi-gw:iscsi-igw/gateways
create {nodename} {IP}
cd /disks
create pool=rbd image=disk_1 size=90G
cd /iscsi-targets/iqn.2003-01.com.janforman.iscsi-gw:iscsi-igw/hosts
create iqn.1994-05.com.janforman:client
cd /iscsi-targets/iqn.2003-01.com.janforman.iscsi-gw:iscsi-igw/hosts/iqn.1994-05.com.janforman:client
auth username=myiscsiusername password=myiscsipassword
disk add rbd/disk_1
```

## Insert it into dashboard

file: <http://admin:admin@10.160.1.15:5001>

```
ceph dashboard iscsi-gateway-add -i file
```

## Set OSD configs

```
ceph tell osd.* config set osd_heartbeat_grace 20
ceph tell osd.* config set osd_heartbeat_interval 5
```

## OSD dump info

```
ceph osd dump
```

# CEPH Repair

```
ceph health detail
```

```
HEALTH_ERR 1 scrub errors; Possible data damage: 1 pg inconsistent
OSD_SCRUB_ERRORS 1 scrub errors
PG_DAMAGED Possible data damage: 1 pg inconsistent
  pg 3.31 is active+clean+inconsistent, acting [5,2,0]
```

Corrupted PG on OSD 5,2,0

```
ceph pg repair 3.31
```

```
2019-07-29 10:01:54.975649 mon.cloud-gis00 (mon.0) 21584 : cluster [INF]
Health check cleared: OSD_SCRUB_ERRORS (was: 1 scrub errors)
2019-07-29 10:01:54.975690 mon.cloud-gis00 (mon.0) 21585 : cluster [INF]
Health check cleared: PG_DAMAGED (was: Possible data damage: 1 pg
inconsistent)
2019-07-29 10:01:54.975709 mon.cloud-gis00 (mon.0) 21586 : cluster [INF]
Cluster is now healthy
2019-07-29 10:01:52.358272 osd.5 (osd.5) 428 : cluster [ERR] 3.31 shard 0
soid 3:8df0528b:::rbd_data.9f8f474b0dc51.0000000000002485:head : candidate
had a read error
2019-07-29 10:01:52.358608 osd.5 (osd.5) 429 : cluster [ERR] 3.31 repair 0
missing, 1 inconsistent objects
2019-07-29 10:01:52.358616 osd.5 (osd.5) 430 : cluster [ERR] 3.31 repair 1
errors, 1 fixed
```

## Edit crush-map

```
ceph osd getcrushmap -o /tmp/crushmap
crushtool -d /tmp/crushmap -o crush_map

crushtool -c crush_map -o /tmp/crushmap
ceph osd setcrushmap -i /tmp/crushmap
```

## Turn cache on

```
[client]
rbd_cache = true
```

May improve performance

```
osd_enable_op_tracker = false
throttler perf counter = false
```

## Change device class

If the automatic device class detection gets something wrong (e.g., because the device driver is not properly exposing information about the device via `/sys/block`), you can also adjust device classes from the command line:

```
$ ceph osd crush rm-device-class osd.2 osd.3
done removing class of osd(s): 2,3
$ ceph osd crush set-device-class ssd osd.2 osd.3
set osd(s) 2,3 to class 'ssd'
```

## Partitions

```
# types
type 0 osd
type 1 host
type 2 chassis
type 3 rack
type 4 row
type 5 pdu
type 6 pod
type 7 room
type 8 datacenter
type 9 region
type 10 root
```

## CEPH LVM List

```
ceph-volume lvm list
```

## OSD Weight

```
ceph osd crush set 0 0.5 pool=default host=proxmox01
ceph osd crush set 1 0.5 pool=default host=proxmox02
ceph osd crush set 2 0.5 pool=default host=proxmox03
```

# Benchmark

```
rados -p ceph bench 60 write --no-cleanup
```

Default object size is 4 MB, and the default number of simulated threads (parallel writes) is 16.

-t (threads)

write / seq / read

## Remove benchmark data

```
rados -p pool cleanup --prefix benchmark_data
```

## Show pool stats

```
rados -p ceph df
```

## Enable dashboard

```
ceph mgr module enable dashboard
```

Generate selfsigned certificate

```
ceph dashboard create-self-signed-cert
```

Disable TLS

```
ceph config set mgr mgr/dashboard/ssl false
```

```
ceph dashboard ac-user-create <username> -i <file-containing-password>  
administrator
```

## Add new MON

```
ceph auth get mon. -o /tmp/keyring  
ceph mon getmap -o /tmp/map  
sudo ceph-mon -i {HOSTNAME} --mkfs --monmap /tmp/map --keyring /tmp/keyring  
chown -R ceph:ceph /var/lib/ceph/mon
```

manual run



```
ceph-mon -f -i {HOSTNAME} --public-addr {IP}
```

## CEPH List Auth

```
ceph auth list
```

## Show clock-skew

```
ceph time-sync-status
```

## Ceph Evict Client

<https://docs.ceph.com/en/latest/cephfs/eviction/>

## Replication

```
ceph osd pool set data size 3  
ceph osd pool set data min_size 2
```

For  $n = 4$  nodes each with 1 osd and 1 mon and settings of replica min\_size 1 and size 4 three osd can fail, only one mon can fail (the monitor quorum means more than half will survive). 4 + 1 number of monitors is required for two failed monitors (at least one should be external without osd). For 8 monitors (four external monitors) three mon can fail, so even three nodes each with 1 osd and 1 mon can fail. I am not sure that setting of 8 monitors is possible.

For three nodes each with one monitor and osd the only reasonable settings are replica min\_size 2 and size 3 or 2. Only one node can fail. If you have an external monitors, if you set min\_size to 1 (this is very dangerous) and size to 2 or 1 the 2 nodes can be down. But with one replica (no copy, only original data) you can loose your job very soon.

- Ensure you have a realistic number of placement groups. We recommend
- approximately 100 per OSD. E.g., total number of OSDs multiplied by 100
- divided by the number of replicas (i.e., osd pool default size). So for
- 10 OSDs and osd pool default size = 4, we'd recommend approximately
- $(100 * 10) / 4 = 250$ .

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